AP European History Contextualizations

The point for 'Contextualization' on the DBQ rubric requires a 3-4 sentence analysis that introduces a context that is an influence on the main topic of the prompt, or the time period of the prompt. Your analysis should explain the way in which the context you introduce influenced events or developments; in other words, explain how the context is relevant to the topic, time period, and also the arguments you will present to answer the prompt. (side note: as a relevant influence on events a context is in a way a contributing 'cause' of events.)

The 'Isms' below, in no particular order, are great for earning the DBQ point for contextualization. You

In executing sentence. W	; a contextualizati /rite something li	ion in a way th ke: " ha	nat will earn a point	ed "-isms" are in the fra on the DBQ rubric use a context ofis	an '-ism' in a
the 'ism' yo	u will explain as t	he context. Go	o on to explain how,	ntextualizing, and the s /why the context you of ents were impacted by t	ffer, the '-ism',
animism feudalism feminism fascism	imperialism socialism expansionism Marxism	militarism isolationism capitalism racism	rationalism communism colonialism totalitarianism	Social Darwinism modernism consumerism anti-imperialism	abolitionism mercantilism liberalism absolutism

The DBQ also offers a point if you successfully analyze documents by noting the ways in which certain features significantly shape the contents of a particular document. Noting how a document is shaped significantly by an historical context is one of the ways to earn this point. The same approach used above to earn a point for contextualization also works when doing an 'historical context' for a document.

existentialism

constitutionalism

pluralism

To earn the point for document analysis a student must execute at least four analyses correctly. Four ways to extend the analysis of primary sources include correctly analyzing: Historical Context, Audience, Purpose, and Point of View. HAP-P (say 'happy') represents a useful acronym you can employ to help yourself remember the four methods of extended document analysis specifically listed in the DBQ rubric.

H = Historical Context

A = Audience

humanism

conservatism nationalism

P = Purpose

P = Point of View

Additionally, '-ation' words, that is to say, words ending with the suffix "-ation" indicate action, and often processes. Many of these processes go on for significant lengths of time. The big processes, very much like the 'isms', make great Contextualizations, and also historical contexts for executing document analysis.

Some major '-ation' words you will find repeatedly useful, and again the bolded words are specifically in the framework:

domestication	urbanization	stratification	commercialization
innovation	migration	specialization	colonization
intensification	immigration	civilization	centralization
state formation	industrialization	adaptation	subjugation
mobilization	liberalization	diversification	segregation
monetization	decolonization	deforestation	

You can also work with contexts that are not 'isms' to execute either Contextualization or to analyze a document by noting the influence of a relevant historical context. You can use words to make developments into contexts when you can't think of an '-ism' or '-ation' that fits.

Make the terms in the lists below work as contexts by using words such as "continuing", "ongoing", or "trend". When used well these words transform an event or development into a long-term, persisting, and relevant context.

"	happened	in the	continuing	context of	"
"	happened	in the	context of	ongoing	"
"	happened	in the	context of	the trend of _	·